

WIND AND SOLAR HYBRID CHARGING STATION

Shridhar Kumbhar¹, Aaryan thite², Atul Tonpe³, Suyash Sorate⁴, S.P. KUDALE⁵

¹Diploma student, ²Diploma student, ³ Diploma student, ⁴ Diploma student, ⁵ Professor In College.

¹Mechanical Engineering,

¹JSPM'S Rajarshi Shahu College of Engineering & Polytechnic Tathawade, Pune, India.

Abstract : In recent years, the demand for renewable energy sources has increased due to the depletion of fossil fuels and environmental pollution. Solar and wind energy are two of the most widely available renewable energy sources. However, each source has limitations when used individually. Solar energy is available only during daytime, while wind energy depends on wind speed and weather conditions.

This project focuses on the design and development of a Wind and Solar Hybrid Charging Station that combines both energy sources to improve reliability and efficiency. The system integrates solar panels, a wind turbine, a hybrid charge controller, and a battery storage system.

The hybrid system ensures continuous power generation by utilizing solar energy during the day and wind energy during windy conditions. The generated energy is stored in batteries and can be used for charging electronic devices or small electrical loads. The proposed system provides a sustainable, cost-effective, and eco-friendly solution for energy generation.

KEYWORDS

Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Hybrid Power System, Battery Charging, Renewable Energy, Energy Storage System.

1. INTRODUCTION

Renewable energy technologies are becoming increasingly important due to the rising demand for electricity and the environmental problems caused by conventional energy sources. Solar and wind energy are clean and renewable sources that can be used to generate electricity without producing harmful emissions.

Solar panels convert sunlight into electrical energy using photovoltaic cells, while wind turbines convert the kinetic energy of wind into mechanical energy and then into electrical energy. Individually, these systems have certain limitations. Solar panels cannot generate electricity during cloudy weather or nighttime, while wind turbines require sufficient wind speed to operate efficiently.

A hybrid energy system that combines both solar and wind energy can overcome these limitations. By integrating these two sources, power generation becomes more reliable and continuous. The hybrid charging station stores generated energy in batteries and provides power for charging devices such as mobile phones, electric vehicles, and small appliances.

2. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Despite the availability of renewable energy technologies, many areas still face challenges in accessing reliable electricity. Individual renewable energy systems often suffer from intermittent power generation due to changing environmental conditions.

Solar systems cannot generate electricity at night or during cloudy weather, while wind energy systems depend on unpredictable wind conditions. This leads to inconsistent power generation and inefficient energy utilization.

Additionally, many remote or rural areas lack reliable charging facilities for electronic devices and small electrical equipment. Therefore, there is a need to develop a system that:

- Utilizes multiple renewable energy sources
- Provides continuous power generation
- Stores energy efficiently
- Reduces dependence on conventional electricity sources

The wind and solar hybrid charging station aims to address these challenges by combining both renewable energy technologies.

3. OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT

The main objectives of the project are:

- To design and develop a hybrid charging station using solar and wind energy
- To improve energy reliability by combining multiple renewable sources
- To store generated energy using a battery system
- To provide an eco-friendly and sustainable energy solution
- To reduce dependence on conventional power sources
- To develop a cost-effective and efficient charging system

4. METHODOLOGY

4.1 Requirement Analysis

The first step involves identifying the requirements of the hybrid charging system, including energy demand, environmental conditions, and system components.

4.2 Conceptual Design

The conceptual design includes selecting the appropriate solar panels, wind turbines, batteries, and charge controllers required for the system.

4.3 System Design and CAD Modeling

Computer-aided design tools are used to create models of the system components and structure.

4.4 Fabrication and Assembly

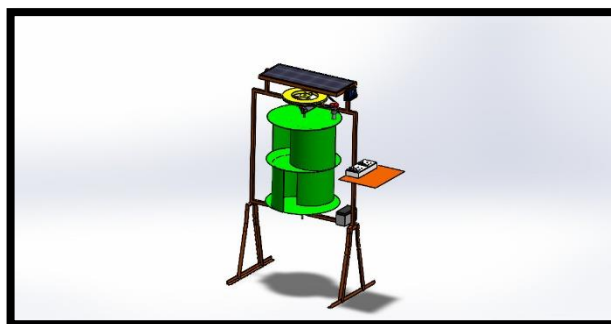
The system components are assembled, including mounting the solar panel, installing the wind turbine, connecting the battery, and integrating the charge controller.

4.5 Testing and Performance Evaluation

The developed system is tested under different environmental conditions to measure parameters such as voltage output, charging efficiency, and system stability.

5. SYSTEM DESIGN

The hybrid charging station consists of the following major components:



5.1.1 Isometric view

5.1 Solar Panel

Solar panels convert sunlight into electrical energy using photovoltaic cells.

5.2 Wind Turbine

The wind turbine converts the kinetic energy of wind into mechanical energy and then into electrical energy.

5.3 Battery Storage System

The battery stores the electrical energy generated by the solar panel and wind turbine.

5.4 Charge Controller

The charge controller regulates the charging process and protects the battery from overcharging.

5.5 Supporting Frame

The frame structure supports the solar panel and wind turbine and ensures system stability.



Figure 5.2.8. Final Real Image Of Project

6. WORKING PRINCIPLE

The wind and solar hybrid charging station works on the principle of renewable energy conversion and storage.

When sunlight falls on the solar panel, it generates electrical energy through photovoltaic cells. At the same time, the wind turbine rotates when wind flows through its blades, converting wind energy into electrical power.

Both energy sources are connected to a hybrid charge controller that regulates power flow and charges the battery safely. The stored energy can then be used to power electrical devices or charging ports.

7. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The hybrid system was tested under different environmental conditions to evaluate its performance.

Observations

Parameter	Solar Only	Wind Only	Hybrid System
Power Generation	Medium	Low	High
Charging Time	Medium	High	Low
Reliability	Moderate	Moderate	High

- Solar panels generated higher power during daytime.
- Wind turbines generated power during windy conditions.
- The hybrid system provided more stable power output compared to single energy sources.

Performance Analysis

The results indicate that the hybrid system improves overall efficiency and reliability.

8. ADVANTAGES

- Uses renewable and clean energy sources
- Provides continuous power generation
- Reduces electricity cost
- Eco-friendly and sustainable system
- Suitable for remote areas

9. APPLICATIONS

- The wind and solar hybrid charging station can be used in:
 - Rural and remote areas
 - Charging stations for electronic devices
 - Street lighting systems
 - Small power generation units
 - Educational and research projects

10. REFERENCES

- [1] A. Kumar and P. Sharma, "Design and Analysis of Solar–Wind Hybrid Energy System," *International Journal of Renewable Energy Research*, vol. 10, no. 2, pp. 345–352, 2020.
- [2] B. Singh and R. Kumar, "Performance Evaluation of Hybrid Renewable Energy Systems for Power Generation," *International Journal of Engineering Research and Technology*, vol. 8, no. 6, pp. 112–118, 2019.
- [3] J. Smith and M. Brown, "Small Scale Wind Turbine Performance in Hybrid Energy Systems," *Journal of Sustainable Energy*, vol. 15, no. 3, pp. 201–208, 2018.
- [4] S. Patel, "Solar Photovoltaic Systems: Design and Applications," *Renewable Energy Journal*, vol. 12, no. 4, pp. 250–256, 2017.
- [5] M. H. Rashid, *Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications*, 4th ed., Pearson Education, 2014.

11. CONCLUSION

- The wind and solar hybrid charging station provides an efficient and sustainable solution for renewable energy generation. By combining solar and wind energy, the system ensures continuous power supply and improves overall energy reliability.
- The project demonstrates that hybrid renewable energy systems can reduce dependence on conventional electricity sources and provide eco-friendly power generation.